Automatic Vehicle Classification Systems - Toll gates

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# Automotive applications

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whitepaper

# Use of opto-electronic light curtains in highway toll gate collection systems

Typical methods for collecting tolls on the paid road sections and highway are:

- Manual collection Is the simplest form of toll collection, in which a collector operating from a booth collects the toll.
- Automatic toll collection via vending machines allow collection of several methods of payments: coins, tokens, debit cards, and credit cards.
- Electronic toll collection (ETC) system Able to electronically charge a toll to an established customer account.

In this application note we will consider two subsystems for automated toll payment that use ReeR safety light curtains and measurement and automation light curtains as sensors:

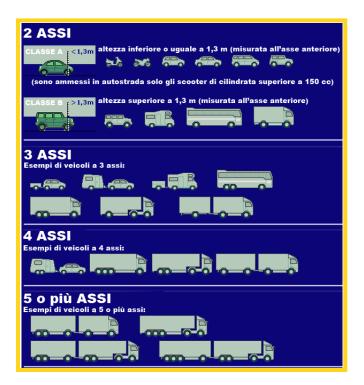
- Automatic Vehicle Classification System (AVC).
- Electronic Toll Collection System(ETC)

Automatic Vehicle Classification (AVC) consist of sensors (lasers, opto-electronic light curtains, cameras or intelligent detector loops embedded in the pavement) installed in the toll lanes to detect and classify the vehicles for proper tolling.

On the paid road sections. For example highway sections of "Autostrade per l'Italia" and almost all other Concessionaires, the vehicles classification is carried out on the basis of physically measurable elements such as:

- The shape i.e. the height of the vehicle on the perpendicular of the front axle - For 2 axle vehicles (classes A, B)
- The number of axles For vehicles or trains with more than two axles (classes 3, 4, 5).

Similar classifications are used in other Extra European countries such as China, India.

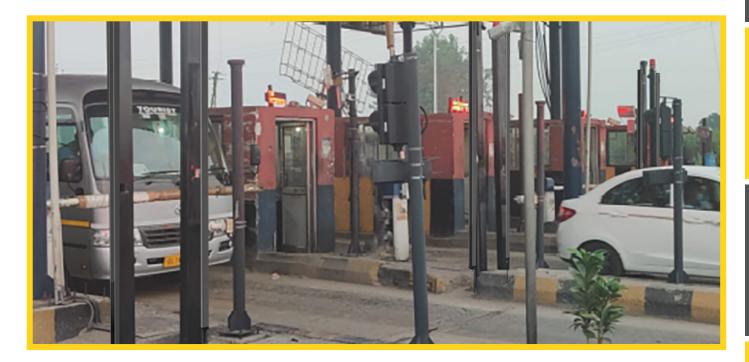


**Electronic Toll collection (ETC)** is a system enabling collection of toll payments electronically, allowing toll collection and traffic monitoring.

ETC makes high speed tolling operations possible as drivers don't have to stop and make the payments. ETC also reduces financial vulnerability and frauds as the automatic payments don't require any cash handling. This system includes Bar Coding, online payment, Digital payment Processing, RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) etc.

# USE OF MICRON MEASUREMENT LIGHT CURTAINS IN AVC SYSTEMS

In this system for automatic vehicle classification (made in India by **Metro Infrasys Pvt Ltd**.), Micron opto-electronic light curtains are used for detecting the data of transiting vehicles and cross-checking the tolls detected.



When the vehicle passes the barrier, after the toll is paid the automatic classification system creates the vehicle profile and automatically the management software generates a report to cross-check the data.

The Micron measurement light curtains is therefore a key element in the evaluation of the correct toll rate as it ensures accurate detection and classification of vehicles.

Micron Measurement light curtains allows the following measurement:

- Vehicle separation Detection of the individual vehicle that cross the light curtains
- Optical axle counting (vehicle axle counting)
- Height measurement (height detection on the first axles)

The system reliability is 99.95% for vehicles transiting at 90 Km/h, 99.00% for vehicles passing through 120 Km/h.

The minimum detection distance of vehicles is 10 mm. The system allows to detect the tow hitch.

This system is flexible in design and supports changing classification schemes.

The classification is based on axles, distance between axles, single and double wheels and multiple vehicle heights.



Micron measurement light curtains, placed at the exit of each toll payment lane, through the RS 485 serial interface can be connected to a controller and transmit the beams status:

- FBO First beam obstructed
- LBO Last beam obstructed
- CBO Central beam obstructed \*
- NBO Number of beams obstructed
- NCBO Maximum number of consecutive beams obstructed \*
- BNO Beam non obstructed
- \* If more than one zone is obstructed, the data refer to the zone with the highest number of obstructed beams.

### **MICRON B**

- Models MI B equipped with an RS 485 serial interface with programmable functions and two programmable digital outputs push-pull type.
- Controlled heights: 150 ... 3000 mm. In this case up to 2 m models are used
- Programming interface: USB interface on M5 4-pole connector.
- Possibility of connection of up to 3 Micron B light curtains as nodes of an RS 485 serial line for simultaneous detection of multiple dimensions and complex measurements.
- Max. Range 10 m
- 10 mm or 30 mm beam spacing

#### Micron B - 10 mm beams spacing

Micron B 10 mm beam spacing	MI 1951B	MI 2101B	MI 2251B	MI 2401B	MI 2551B	MI 2701B	MI 2851B	MI 3001B			
Part number	1250232	1250233	1250234	1250235	1250236	1250237	1250238	1250239			
Controlled height (mm)	1940	2090	2240	2390	2540	2690	2840	2990			
Number of beams	195	210	225	240	255	270	285	300			
Overall height (mm)	2013	2163	2313	2463	2613	2763	2913	3063			
Micron B - 30 mm beams spacing											
Micron B 30 mm beam spacing	MI 1953B	MI 2103B	MI 2253B	MI 2403B	MI 2553B	MI 2703B	MI 2853B	MI 3003B			
Part number	1250272	1250273	1250274	1250275	1250276	1250277	1250278	1250279			
Controlled height (mm)	1920	2070	2220	2370	2520	2670	2820	2970			
Number of beams	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100			
Overall height (mm)	2013	2163	2313	2463	2613	2763	2913	3063			



# USE OF EOS SAFETY LIGHT CURTAINS IN ETC SYSTEMS

Electronic Toll Collection System (ETC) uses:

- Transponders (installed on vehicles)
- Wireless communication (RFID Sensors) for reading the trasponders
- Sensors on the payment lane for detecting the passage of vehicles
- A computerized system (hardware and software) for unique identification of each vehicle, electronic toll collection, general monitoring of the vehicle, traffic, and for data collection

EOS safety light curtains are used here as sensors for vehicle detection.

When the vehicle passes through the safety light curtains controlled area, the OSSD outputs of the safety light curtain switch to "low" logic level indicating to the system a vehicle presence.

This will activate the wireless RFID sensors to read the transponder on board the vehicle; thus identifying the vehicle and collecting the toll.

The system for reading the transponder will only work if the vehicle passes through at a speed of less than 40 km/h.

Another pair of EOS safety light curtains is used to monitor vehicle speed. It is checked how long it takes the vehicle to pass between barriers.

In this way the speed is monitored.

If transit between light curtains takes longer than the set time (speed less than 40 km/h), the barriers activate the RFID system to read the transponder.

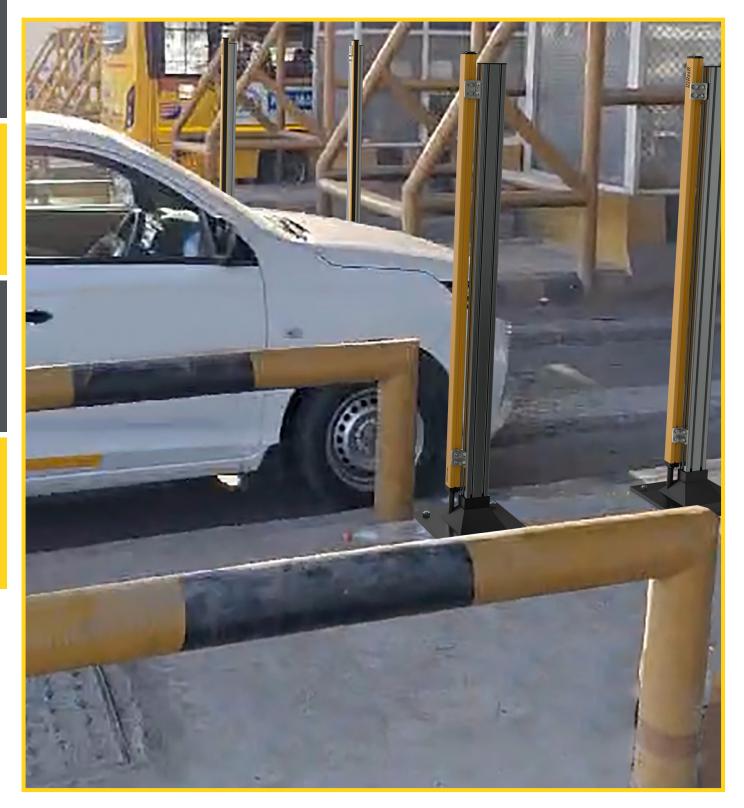
If the detected speed is above 40 km/h, the signal to activate the RFID system for reading the transponder will not be sent.

As a result, the vehicle passageway will remain closed and special signage will give directions to the driver.



In this application, EOS safety light curtains are placed at the entrance of the toll lane to detect the presence of the vehicle and enable reading of the transposinder status on the vehicle.

This detection is used by the ETC System to direct the approaching vehicle to the appropriate lane for toll collection.



In the picture, the pair of EOS safety light curtains for vehicle transit detection and speed control.

# EOS PRODUCT

EOS2 903 A safety light curtains are used for this application.

- Automatic Start/Restart
- 30 mm resolution
- Connections and configurations through M12 5-pole connectors. Unshielded cables up to 100 meters long can be used to connect the light curtain.
- Protected heights: 160 mm ... 2260 mm. In this application a light curtains with 910 mm protected height is used



Resolution (mm)	Start/ Restart	OSSD outputs	
30	Automatic	2	

Reso	lution	30	mm
NC30	lucion	50	

Resolution 30 mm																
Versions A	EOS2															
VEISIONS A	153 A	253 A	303 A	453 A	603 A	753 A	903 A	1053 A	1203 A	1353 A	1503 A	1653 A	1803 A	1953 A	2103 A	2253 A
Part number	1320200	1321205	1320201	1320202	1320203	1320204	1320205	1320206	1320207	1320208	1320209	1320270	1320271	1320719	1320720	1320721
Protected height (mm)	160	260	310	460	610	760	910	1060	1210	1360	1510	1660	1810	1960	2110	2260
Nuber of beamsi	8	13	16	23	31	38	46	53	61	68	76	83	91	98	106	113
Overall height (mm)	213	313	363	513	663	813	963	1113	1263	1413	1563	1713	1863	2013	2163	2313



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The Safety Division is in fact today a world leader in the development and manufacturing of safety optoelectronic sensors and controllers.

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ReeR SpA Via Carcano, 32 10153 Torino

T +30 011 248 2215 F +39 011 859 867



reersafety.com | info@reer.it



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